

Chapter 2 - Colors & Backgrounds

CSS rules are simple key-value pairs with a selector
We can write CSS rules to change color and set backgrounds

The color property

The CSS color property can be used to set the text color inside an element

p {

color: red; → Text color will be changed to red.
}

Similarly we can set color for different elements

Types of Color values

Following are the most commonly used color values in CSS

- 1> RGB → Specify color using Red, green, blue values eg. `rgb(200, 98, 70)`
- 2> HEX Code → Specify color using hex code.
eg. `# ff7f80`
- 3> HSL → Specify the color using hsl values
eg. `hsl(8, 90%, 63%)` → hue, saturation, lightness

The value of the color or background color is provided as any one of these values

Note : We also have an RGBA and HSLA values for color but they are rarely used by beginners.
A stands for alpha.

The background-color property

The CSS background-color property specifies the background color of a Container
For eg :

```
body {  
    background-color: brown;  
}
```

Can be other types of colors as well

The background-image property

Used to set an image as the background.

```
body {  
    background-image: url("harry.jpg");  
}
```

The image is by default repeated in x & y directions

The background-repeat property

Can be any of :

- repeat-x → repeat in horizontal direction
- repeat-y → repeat in vertical direction
- no-repeat → image not repeat

See more possible values at MDN docs

The background-size property

Can be following :

- cover → fits & no empty space remains
- contain → fits & image is fully visible
- auto → Display in original size
- {width: 33%} → Set width & height will be set automatically

→ {{width}} {{height}} → Set width & height

Note: Always check the MDN docs to dissect a given CSS property. Remember, practice will make you perfect

The background-position property sets the starting position of a background image.

```
div1 {  
background-position: left top;  
}
```

The background-attachment property

Defines a scrollable / non-scrollable character of a background image.

```
div2 {  
background-attachment: fixed;  
}
```

The background shorthand

A single property to set multiple background properties.

```
div3 {  
background: red url('img.png') no-repeat fixed right top;  
}  
color      ↓      repeat  
        image
```

One of the properties can be missing given the others are in order.

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